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Over 200 latest patterns in printed India and China Silks at 69c; former price \$1 and \$1.25. 46-inch black all-wool Henrietta at 79c; regular price \$1.35.

Fine Unbleached Sateen Drill for 8c; worth 12½c. Fine Plaid Nainsook at 5½c; worth 12½c. Writing Paper 15c a box; regular price 30c.

Telescopes 50c. Ladies' White Waists 29c; worth 75c.

Bookfold Apron Gingham 64c; regular price 13c. Men's colored border hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 10c; regular price 30c.

15 Novelty Wool Patterns \$5 and \$8; former price \$25 Ladies' Suitings in Plaids and Stripes, 54 inches wide, 45c; worth \$1.

Choice of all laundered Neglige Shirts 89c. Ladies' Wrappers at 75c.

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F. WILL PANTZER. BATES HOUSE PHARMACY, Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c a box; five PANTZER'S ALMOND CREAM ROBS SUNBURN

Of all its terrors, and is beside the most exquisite skin preparation ever made.

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THE GREAT NORTHWEST HOTEL, 68TH STREET AND MADISON AVE., CHICAGO, now open for guests. Twelve dollars pays for ten days' lodging. Excellent restaurant. Three blocks from the World's Fair Grounds.

> E. J. FOSTER, Agent. 54 COMMERCIAL CLUB, INDIANAPOLIS.

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INTER OCEAN BUILDING, CHICAGO.
NEWS BUILDING, INDIANAPOLIS.

Clothing, Cloaks and Dress Goods ON EASY PAYMENTS. All goods delivered on first payment.

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EVERYTHING NEEDED IN HOUSEFURNISHING. 97 and 99 East Washington St.

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LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS in Madras Cloths at 25c. ·LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS AND BLOUSES in Madras Cloths, Chev-

iots and fine French Flannels (reduced from \$2, \$2.75, \$3 and \$3.50) at \$1 FOR CHOICE. Blue, red, brown and black SILK UMBRELLAS, with Dresden han-

dles, for ladies and gentlemen. SUMMER NECKWEAR of all kinds-anything you want-or don't

PUFF BOSOM SHIRTS, the epitome of comfort, at \$1.50. A special line of HOSIERY, solid colors, 25c quality at 15c. SILK COATS AND VESTS, \$10, \$12 and \$14 goods at \$5.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Fracture Splints, Special Trusses, Crutches, Elastic Hosiery, Deformity Braces and Surgical Appliances of every kind. The largest stock of ARTIFICIAL EYES in the State. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO., 77 South Illinois street.

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Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis. ROUTE.

WORLD'S FAIR ROUTE EXCURSIONS EVERY DAY

CHICAGO.

Tickets good going on all trains EVERY DAY.
Good to return for ten days from date of sale.
All trains stop at Midway Plaisance, Hyde Park,
Thirty-ninth street and Twenty-second street. 5 TRAINS Daily between INDIANAPOLIS and CHICAGO To Chicago. |No. *1 |No.*17| No. 8 |No. *7 |No. *5 Lv. Ind'polis 11.20am 11.55am 3.55pm 11.30pm 12.45am Ar. Chicago. 5.15pm 5.45pm 9.50pm 6.55am 7.30am

RETURNING. |No.*18| No. 8 |No.*10|No.*12|No. *4 Lv. Chicago. 8.30am 1.00pm 8.10pm 9.15pm 11.30pm Ar. Ind'polis 2.40pm 7.10pm 2.25am 3.40am 6.00am Additional trains: No. 9 leaves Indianapolisat 7:10

DINING CARS on Nos. 1, 17, 8 and 18. LOCAL INDIANAPOLIS PARLOR CARS on Nos. 1 & 18 LOCAL INDIANAPOLIS SLEEPERS on Nos. 7 and 4. All day trains have parlor cars, and night trains have standard and compartment buffet sleepers and 6 TRAINS Daily between INDIANAPOLIS & CINCINNATI

As follows: Leave Indianapolis at *2:45 a. m., *4:00 a. m., *6:20 a. m., 11:05 a. m., *2:55 p. m., 7:20 p. m. GREENSBURG accommodation 4:20 VILLE, leave indianapolis *2:45 a. m., *2:55 p. m.

3 TRAINS for ST. LOUIS, leave at *7:30 a. m.,
*11:50 p. m. For TERRE HAUTE and MATTOON, 5:20 p. m. 4 TRAINS for CLEVELAND, BUFFALO, NEW YORK and BOSTON, leave at *4:15 a. m., 9:25 a. m., *3:00 p. m., *7:25 p. m.; for MUNCIE and BENTON HARBOR at 6:00 a. m., 11:55 a. m.

3 TRAINS for BLOOMINGTON and PEORIA, leave for Peoria at *7:15 a. m., 11:55 a. m., *11:25 p. m.; for CHAMPAIGN at 5:10 p. m.

2 TRAINS for SPRINGFIELD, DAYTON and COLUMBUS, O., leave at *3:50 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. For tickets, sleeping and parlor car accommodations and full information, call at Big 4 offices, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson place, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station, *Daily.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

GRAND EXCURSION

C., H. & D. R. R.

SATURDAY, JULY 22.

Tickets good going on any regular train of JULY 22, and good to return until July 24, inclusive. At this season of y ar Cincinnati affords so many places in which a delightful time can be spent, such THE ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN, THE HILL TOPS,

OPERA AT THE HIGHLAND HOUSE, PAIN'S GREAT SHOW, ETC. For further particulars call at C., H. & D. ticket of-fice, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue. H. J. RHEIN, General Agent.

Good on all trains, including the POPULAR EARLY MOENING TRAIN leaving INDIANAPOLIS at 7:00 a. m. By taking this train passengers avoid the noon-day and afternoon heat.

5 TRAINS EACH WAY BETWEEN INDIANAPOLIS AND CHICAGO.
DINING and PARLOR CARS ON DAY TRAINS, PULLMAN SLEEPERS ON NIGHT TRAINS. Trains leave for Chicago at †7 a. m., *12:01 noon, †4:20 p. m., *12:30 a. m., *2:05 a. m.

Trains arrive from Chicago at *2:20 a. m., *6 a. m., †2:45 p. m., *3:55 p. m. and †11 p. m.

Local Sleeper for Chicago can be taken at 9 p. m., train leaves at *12:30 a. m.

Local Sleeper leaves Chicago at *11:25 p. m.; arrives at Indianapolis at 6 a. m.

Ticket offices, 26 South Illinois street,

Union Station and Massachusetts avenue.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

FOR SALE

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Indianapolis Gas Co.

TICKETS TO BE HAD AT

49 South Pennsylvania Street

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

We have removed to new and commodious quarters. Perfect privacy and convenience assured. Chapel and Morgue in charge of lady attendant.

172 North Illinois Street.

\$87,000,000 THE WRONG WAY

Enormous Increase of Imports Over Exports During the Past Year.

Falling Off in Immigrants of Nearly 200,000 in Twelve Months-The Mohican Report a Hoax-Reduction in Wool Duties.

WASHINGTON, July 19 .- The chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total value of the exports of merchandise from the United States during the six and twelve months ending June 30, 1893, as compared with similar exports during the corresponding periods of the preceding year, were as follows:

Six months ending June 20, 1893, \$388,155,-440; same period in 1892, \$479,152,953; twelve months ending June 30, 1893, \$847,423,147; same time in 1892, \$1,030,278,148.

The values of the imports were as foilows: Six months ending June 30, 1893 \$496,605,701; same period in 1892, \$431,727,-541; twelve months ending June 30, 1893,

\$941,076,128; twelve months ending June 30, 1892, \$827,402,462. The chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that during the month of June there arrived in the ports of the United States from principal foreign countries, except the British North American possessions and Mexico, 67,720 immigrate, and in June, 1892, 73,120. During the twelve months ending June 30, 1893, the number of immigrants was 497,936, and during the corresponding period of the pre-ceding year, 619,820. Of the number arrived during the twelve months ending June 30 last, 96,313 came from Germany, a decrease of 34,309; from Italy, 72,403, an increase of 11,459; from Sweden and Norway, 53,872, a decrease of 3,281; from Russia, except Poland, 43,657, a decrease of 40,631, and from the United Kingdom, 108,716, a deorease of 8,352. .

Lower Duty on Wools. WASHINGTON, July 19 .- An important change has been made by the Treasury Department in the classification of wool that will lower the duty on some grades of the article nearly 100 per cent. The change follows conclusive evidence offered by wool importers that certain grades of highclass wool were practically analogous to grades classified lower in the wool schedule of the McKinley bill. Hereafter the material known as 149 and 150 flamantine skin wool and 179 Kassapbatchia skin wool second quality of the first or highest class, will be known as 396 and 397 Servian skin wool and 389 Kassapbatchia skin wool, second quality of the third class. The changes in duty cannot be made clear to the laymen through the language of the wool law, but the statement may be accepted as true that the duty is considerably lower in some cases, as previously stated, nearly 100 per cent. This statement is made at the Treasury Department. Wool growers and importers will be interested in the change as shown by the law.

Another Mulhatton Yarn. NEW YORK, July 19 .- Any doubt that may have existed in the mind of the acting Secretary of the Navy as to the improbability of the story that the United States steamship Mohican was fired on and disabled by the Alexandria has now been set at rest. The latest versions of this prepos-terous affair agree in fixing the date of the alleged engagement at May 25. The rec-ords of the Navy Department show that the Mohican was at Port Townsend as late as May 27, and that she did not leave for Behring age at the state of Behring sea until some time after that.

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, July 19 .- B. L. Roberts was to-day appointed postmaster at Ethel, Orange county, vice J. S. Melton, resigned. The funeral of Rear Admiral Earl English took place this afternoon from St. John's Church.

The total number of pensioners dropped from the rolls since March 4, 1893, is 245, and the total number of pensioners suspended since March 4, pending a further investigation of their cases, is 5,090. Mr. Quinby, the United States minister to The Hague, has received his final in-structions, and will sail for his post on Saturday.

Four hundred and fifty-four thousand ounces of silver were offered for sale to the Treasury, to-day, at prices ranging from 71.50 to 73 cents. Seventy-five thousand ounces were purchased at 71.50, the balance being declined and the same rate tendered. Total purchases of silver for the month thus far is 1,023,000 ounces.

MURDERED BY A BANKER.

Prominent Attorney of Kansas City, Kan., Shot Down in Cold Blood Last Night.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 19 .- Kansas City. Kan., the little city across the State line from here, was shocked to-night by the murder of one of its prominent attorneys by one of its prominent bankers, A. W. Little, cashier of the First National Bank, ex-president of the Armourdale Bank, vicepresident of the McNeal-Little Banking Company, of Guthrie, O. T., and director of the First National Bank, of Medicine Lodge, Kan., shot and killed Benjamin E. Johnson, one of the most prominent of the rising young attorneys of Kansas. The shooting took place about 9 o'clock this evening. Little, in company with United States Commissioner Hanks, was walking down Minnesota avenue, the principal street of the town. When they approached Grinoley's drug store at No. 630, Little was seen to walk in advance of Hanks. Johnson was sitting on a bench in front of the frug store with a number of Irlends, Little hastened up to him and with an oath "You shan't hound me any more!"

Then he deliberately drew a revolver from a pocket and fired. The bullet struck Johnson in the left side and caused instant death.

The Montgomery Advertiser

Says: "Simmons Liver Regulator has se-cured a reputation in every part of the United States solely on account of its extraordinary merits as a medicine for the liver, stomach and kidneys,"

SAD TIMES THESE IN DENVER

Out of Seventeen Banks Five Alone Remain to Do a Crippled Business.

Three More Suspensions Yesterday Bring the Total Failures for the Three Days Up to Twelve in that Fair City.

Also Twenty Mercantile Houses in Two Days Forced to the Wall.

Perfect Slough of Bank Failures Throughout the West-Talk with Senator Teller-Panicky Situation in New York.

DEPOSITORS IN LINE.

Tearful Scenes in the Street Yesterday When Three More Banks Closed. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DENVER, July 19 .- Contrary to last

night's prediction, the panic was on with renewed vigor to-day and the few remaining banks in this so long secure city underwent runs that more seriously crippled them. Before the sun was many hours high three more national banks had been added to the record of Monday and Tuesday, making the semi-week's total twelve in number. Out of seventeen supposedly strong and flourishing institutions in this beautiful city last Saturday night, backed by men supposed to be good \$50,000,000, only five banks remained to do business to-night and these were sadly crippled and using every resource to get support from the East. The banks that went to the wall to-day were the old German National, for twenty years having a reputation as good as any in the country; the State National, a heavilybacked institution, and the popular People's National. All last night a line of depositors stood in front of the banks waiting for their chance to draw out money today. Shortly before time to open the doors notices were posted at the first two announcing suspension, and the sad-eyed

crowd turned away empty-handed.

The scene was distressing. Men and women down the long line broke out in tears and wailing. By this time there was a run on every bank in the city, and soon came the announcement that the People's National Bank had closed its doors. The notice on the doors read: "The bank is closed by order of the board of directors. Net assets, \$1,100,000; liabilities, \$310,000." President McNeill, of the State Bank, says that his bank has paid out in cash a little more than \$900,000 within the last swenty days. He evidently tried to call in his loans in order to keep the doors open, but it proved to be an impossibility. Charles M. Clinton, eashier of the German National, stated that during the last sixty days there has been a constant drain, and over \$1,000,000 has been paid to depositors, some days the demand being all the way from \$25,000 to \$75,000. The bank expected \$300,000 from the East this morning, but it failed to come, and as it had paid out nearly all the money during yesterday's run, it was forced to close. The long-expected closing of the People's National came at 11 o'clock, when President Lawrence had a notice posted on the doors leading into their magnificent rooms stating that the stringency of the money market was so severe that it was impossible for the concern to longer withstand the storm. Their statement published on the 12th showed that they had less than \$60,000 in cash on hand, while the individual deposits subject to check, not counting any other, amounted to \$210,000. The capital stock of the bank is \$600,000. A tour of the banks just before the closing hour showed that the excitement had not died away, and the run was still going on.

"I do not think I will have to place a

bank in Denver in the hands of a receiver.' said Hon. Frank Adams, the bank examiner for Colorado, to-day. Mr. Adams further said that he believed the suspended banks will all resume business in a short time, Mr. Adams seems to have the utmost confidence in the belief that the banks will reopen again in a few days, and that no losses will follow to depositors. The morning train from Omaha brought in \$50,000 in cash for the Denver National Bank. Another bank last night received two iron safes full of money from the East by ex-

J. A. Thatcher, president of the Denver National, and also of the clearing house, this evening stated that he anticipated no more bank failures. Those that had kept open passed through the clearing house in good shape, and showed that they were in excellent condition for the future. An examination of the affairs of the closed banks has been made, and, to the credit of their officers, it can be said that in no instance has there been found the slightest dishonesty or crooked work.

"I am confident," added Mr. Thatcher,

"that if the financial condition of the conn try brightens a little they will all resume, and every depositor will be paid, dollar for

The North Denver Bank closed its doors late yesterday afternoon. There was no great run, but the bank was unable to realize on its securities and was short of funds. The depositors have been assured that they will be paid 100 cents on the dollar. W. H. Yankee is vice president and S. S. Kennedy president.

SENATOR TELLER TALKS.

He Doesn't Lay the Fallures Altogether Against Silver,

DENVER, Col., July 19 .- Senator Teller,

in an interview on the financial situation in this city, said: "There is no one reason to which the present trouble can be charged. It is partly to silver, but more to the general depression now affecting the entire country. The failures yesterday were unwarranted and directly chargeable to the people who became frightened and panic-stricken. The banks cannot pay depositors if all rush in at once and demand their money, and had our institutions been given time to realize on securities they could have paid in full, for no houses in the United States are in better condition than those of this city. Of course we suffer here from the depression of silver, but not entirely from this. The Sherman law is not re-pealed yet. It does seem that we are crossing a bridge before we come to it. There is nothing less fair than to blame all our ills to silver. Much better blame some to the silver speeches. Such unbridled language and excited talk as the press dispatches brought while I was East can have nothing but the most injurious action

"Does anyone pretend to tell me that such talk of repudiation, war, revolution and other talk made lately has anything but an amusing and really ridiculous effect on the people of the East? Why, it is simply

In speaking of the extra session of Congress he expressed his belief that the Sherman law will be repealed, but not without a substitute of greater benefit to silver. He referred to the acting Director of the Mint as a "young sprig" and an "officious clerk," because of his attempt to "Jew down" the price of silver, and declares that for a great government like this "pottering about for a job lot of silver is contemptible add inexcusable."

Ten Mercantile Failures. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DENVER, July 19 .- Another string of business failures resulted to-day from the

houses have now been shut up in two days. The Tucker Shirt and Furnishing Company, doing business on Sixteenth street, assigned to-day to Charles Burphie. The as-sets are placed at \$35,000, and the liabilities

The Hallack-Sayre-Newton Lumber Com-pany has assigned to Frederick F. Sayre. No schedule given. F. H. Sayre, the as-signee, said that the assignment was the direct result of the closing of the State National Bank, and was necessary in order to gain time during the present excitement. The firm is one of the most extensive in the

The Blake Lumber Company assigned today. No statement is given. The Palace drug store made an assignment to F. F. Sayre, of the Hallack-Sayre-Newton Lumber Company, the assignment being due to the failure of this com-

J. H. Naylor, a furniture dealer, assigned this morning to Simon T. Horn for the benefit of his creditors. An assignment was made to-day by the

People's Coal Company to John J. O'Neil. No schedule was filed. Goldhammer & Weis, saloon and restau-rant keepers, were closed to-day on a chat-

tel mortgage.

August Wiehrl. jeweler, assigned to Otto
Schneider. No schedule. The Harrison Hannah's millinery store assigned to William F. Sperry. No sched-

Silas B. Jacobs, men's furnishing goods assigned to F. G. White. Assets, \$5,201.28; liabilities, \$4,181.95.

The Denver, Lakewood & Golden Rail-road Company has been sued by the Gen-eral Electric Company, and a writ of attachment was issued in the United States District Court.

The Flanders dry goods house, one of the largest in the city, has made an assignment. No schedule of assets and liabilities has been made. The assignment was precipitated by an attachment of \$20,000, levied on the stock by W. H. Bradley. The company has been doing a good business, and carried a stock valued at \$100,000 to

Caused by Deaver Failures.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal GREELEY, Col., July 19 .- The Union Bank closed its doors at 1 P. M. to-day and a half hour later the Greeley National pulled down its blings and turned the key in its door. The Union liabilities are \$100,000, with assets and paid-up capital of \$300,000. As soon as the fact of the suspension of these banks became known a steady run was made on the First National, but it conthe closing hour.

SITUATION IN NEW YORK.

Eckels in the Clearing House-United States Bonds Being Shipped Back from Europe. NEW YORK, July 19 .- Controller Eckels spent the morning making the acquaintance of bankers, in company with ex-Controller Hepburn, who is now president of the Third National Bank. He visited the clearing house and listened to an explanation by Manager William Sherer of the settling of balances between banks. He will return to Washington this afternoon. The bulk of the currency shipped from New York to-day was for St. Louis. The silver market was nominally lower, but not a transaction was reported at the Stock Exchange's reporting to-day. Certificates were offered at 72c; commercial fell to 70% and Mexican dollars were nominally 59c. Hoskier, Wood & Co. have a consignment of \$125,000 in gold coming to them from

practical illustration this week of the distrust in Europe of American securities and the fear that this country may go on a silver basis. In its foreign mail it received \$50,000 of United States four-per-cent bonds, the European owners of which did not care to hold them so long as there was a danger that payment of the interest and principal might have to be accepted in silver. It was said that there had been other cases of this sort, and it was that which had enabled national banks to secure United States four-per-cent. bonds recently at a sufficiently low per cent to warrant taking out culation against them. A well-known active broker to-day, discussing the situation, said he had noticed one unusual circumstance recently. That was the large amount of actual currency that had been received in his office for margins and for the purchase of stocks from occasional customers, and in some cases from strangers, Usually such payments are made by checks or drafts of some kind, but in numerous cases this week the actual cash was put up. In nearly every case in which inquiry was made it was ascertained that the money had been drawn out of bank some weeks ago and held until the opportunity to invest it in atocks or bonds arrived. The

A New York banking house received a

currency was mostly in one-hundred and five-hundred-dollar bills. The subtreasury sent \$250,000 in currency in fives, tens and twenties to several banks in the West to-day. It will also pay to the clearing house \$500,000 in gold in settlement of its debt balance. Among the banks the feeling generally is that nothing worse will happen here than has already taken place. President Tappen, of the Gallatin Bank, says that the shrinkage in the values of securities will not hurt the banks, judging their condition by that of his own, as borrowers are promptly coming forward with additional securities to keep good the amount of their collateral on loans. He regards the banks in this respect as even better off than they were a few months ago, as they are holding more securities at much lower prices for loans now than then. A number of the bank presidents held the same opinions. The sum of \$600,000 foreign gold has arrived from the West Indies and been deposited in the assay office to the credit of the Western National Bank.

THE RESERVE CLIMBING.

Nothing to Say About the Five National Bank Fallures Yesterday. WASHINGTON, July 19 .- Controller Eckels

had not returned to Washington from New York in time to reach his office before it closed this afternoon, and there was no one who assumed to speak in his stead of the five national bank failures reported today. But in other branches of the treasury an improvement was shown. The Mint Bureau succeeded in getting offers of silver at what it considers a fair market price, 711/2 cents per ounce, while the gold reserve recovered the ground it lost Mon-day and again began its climb towards the hundred-million mark. The reserve to-day amounts to \$98,387,709, against \$97,676, 852 yesterday. The currency balance to-day amounts to \$25,824,712.

Plankinton Directors' Trial Set. MILWAUKEE, July 19 .- Four of the six Plankinton bank directors who were indicted by the grand jury last week appeared in the Municipal Court to-day. One exception was Judge Jenkins, who had arranged to be represented by counsel. F. W. Noyes was the other director not present, he being too ill. The indictments against the bank officers, President F. T. Day, Vice President Plankinton and Cashier Momsen were taken up first. The trial was set for September.

Hutchinson National Goes Up. HUTCHINSON, Kan., July 19 .- Owing to financial stringency making it impossible to secure currency sufficient to meet its demands, the Hutchinson National Bank did not open its doors this morning, but posted a notice of suspension of payment. Assets, \$251,000; liabilities, \$131,000. It is the first bank failure in the history of the city.

Not So Bad as Reported.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., July 19 .- Later details in the Hoosier Coal Company failure show that the first report was greatly exaggerated. The liabilities will not exceed \$6,000, and the assets are about \$20,000. Members of the company say they can pay all in-debtedness, and will be in operation again soon.

California Silver Men to Act. SAN FRANCISCO, July 19 .-- A meeting of California silver men was held at the Palnumerous bank failures. Nearly twenty | ace Hotel last night Many speeches were